

New York STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1853.

New Kid Gloves,

In all the Fashionable Shades (including OPERA SHADES.)

150 Doz. 2-Button at 50c,

Sold Everywhere at 75c.

This is not a job lot of broken sizes and colors, but the colors are all desirable and the line of sizes complete.

PETTIS, IVERS & CO.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

INDIANAPOLIS Savings Bank.

66 EAST MARKET STREET.

Depositors only are stockholders and receive no dividends on profits.

JOHN W. RAY, Treasurer.

D. Lelewer,

10 W. Wash. St.,

is offering special inducements in

FINE HATS

The Leading Fur

Manufacture in the

CITY NEWS.

Charles G. Stewart has returned from

Europe, and is expected home in a few

days.

The Fourth Presbyterian Sunday school

had a "buttering" picnic to-day, southwest

of the city.

Hendricks, Voorhees and Manson will

speak at the democratic jubilee meeting

to-night.

Mrs. Martha W. McKay, of this city, has

been re-elected vice-president of the national

women's congress, in session at Providence, R. I.

The Vandalia track in Bond county, Illinois, is to be shortened four miles, re-

maining a village called Stubbington to its

original rusticity.

From the Journal, (organ of the dead-)

ly, not "revamped": "As soon as the

election polls are paid the pool-room at

Chapin & Gore's will close for this season."

Another postponement of the Merrick

case was made in the city court yesterday

until the 18th inst. An indictment against

Gutwig was reported to the court yesterday.

The annual meeting of the grand council

of royal and select masters will be held at

Masonic temple, October 22. Grand chap-

ter-royal area masses meet the day fol-

lowing.

Reports of county superintendents for

the year ending September 15 have been

received from ninety counties in the state,

leaving only Boone and Greene counties to

be heard from.

The roads running east from Peoria

have entered into a pool on all east-bound

business, to take effect November 1. The

T. & W. will have twenty-nine per cent.

of the tonnage.

Rev. J. H. Bayless will talk about Lon-

don, next Wednesday evening, at the Rob-

ert's Park literary society. Last night

the parlors of the church were crowded to

welcome him back home from his European

trip.

Jacob Parish and wife, residing at 77

Broadway street, celebrated their golden

wedding Thursday, at their old home in

Rich county, the farm on which they

lived from 1828 to 1874, when they re-

moved to this city.

The Guardian Insurance company of

London and the Commercial Union In-

surance company of New York yesterday filed

papers for the transaction of business in

Indiana. A French ship for the state auditor

and his accomplices, the Sentinel and

Journal.

W. O. Sherwood, late chief of the fire

department, has resigned his position as

foreman of the No. 6 "Deck" evidently

does not believe in the fatality of numbers

or he would have stuck to No. 6. That was

foreman of old No. 6 that "Boss" Tweed

got his start toward the control of New

York politics.

Yesterday the Butler university branch

of the inter-state oratorical contest elected

officers for the present college year and

delegates to the state convention. A. F.

Armstrong is president, Josephus Presley

corresponding secretary, J. P. Frazer treas-

urer and I. W. Christie, E. W. Donny

and H. U. Brown, delegates.

An Unhappy Case.

One day last week Oscar Ambrose and

Corry Cornell were arrested for robbing

Carr of \$25 in Wilson's saloon. An

indictment was at once found against

them for grand larceny, and on arrange-

ment Ambrose pleaded guilty and was

DE LA MATY'S SEND OFF.

His Serenade and Speech Last Night.

Rev. G. De La Maty's friends called on him at his hotel last night and for half an hour quite a levee was held in the parlors by the great man, who is great because he is so good. Among the callers were that original and impetuous fat money man, John E. Neff, secretary of state, and other state officers, besides a number of prominent democratic politicians outside of official life. From the party present, as well as from Mr. De La Maty's speech later, it was difficult to tell whether he was a national or a democrat. Shortly after 8 o'clock Meyers' band came down Illinois street, and stopping in front of the hotel soon attracted a crowd numbering 1,200 or 1,500 persons. From a temporary platform the reverend congressman addressed them a speech of half an hour's length. He congratulated himself and his supporters upon the success of their efforts, and referred to the assaults made upon him during the canvass and the attempts to array religious and class sentiment against him, all of which failed of their purpose. Of the election itself he said:

I was in New York City, I was in his glory; but I never saw an election as infamous as that of last Tuesday. All that money could do was done to debauch the electors, and I am glad that the courts may be compelled to open the grating to the prison cells for some of these men who were engaged in such a shameful and dishonorable conduct at the very time when the nation was in the midst of a great crisis.

Notwithstanding the abundant crops of this year, the doctor prophesied more suffering than ever before this winter, all caused by vicious financial legislation. He sorely wanted to remain, and do what he could to relieve the poor, but duty called him to Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts, to labor in the cause of \$50 per day and found. He promised to legislate in the interests of financial reform, and when that shall have been accomplished "we shall all be able to pay our debts, not by repudiating them—as 3,000 persons have done under the republican bankruptcy law, but I do not blame them greatly for it, although I do not do the same myself—but we will, instead of repudiating the thirteen billions of national, municipal and state indebtedness, we will pay it."

Dr. De La Maty left this morning for Pennsylvania, and will spend a month in that state, New York and Massachusetts.

THE FIRST LECTURE.

The First Regular Lecture Course Held in

the City of Indianapolis, 1878.

To the Editor of The Indianapolis News:

The News, in a short article entitled "The first lecture course here," is certainly mistaken in regard to the statement that that course was in 1850, when Dr. Daniel Reed, Robert Dale Owen and John B. Niles, delivered lectures before the Union literary society. The first regular course in Indianapolis was before the Union literary society, and was organized by the members of that society in the autumn of 1846. Amongst those now living in Indianapolis who participated in the movement for lectures, I recall Gen. Coburn, Berry Sulgrove, Mayor Caven, N. B. Taylor, William Wallace, Dr. Jameson and Willard. All were then young men, fresh from college or just beginning their professional studies. There may be others, but the names do not occur to me at this moment.

The Union literary society had been purely a debating club, but in November, 1846, I brought in a motion looking forward to a course of lectures such as was given in every New England town. I was, I remember rightly, appointed chairman of the committee to invite lecturers. As one of the originators I will state that the course began with a lecture by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, on Friday evening, December 11, of the year mentioned, and was continued until late in the spring of 1847, no less than nine lectures having been delivered. The course was gratis, and the first lecture was delivered in the old 2d Presbyterian church, on Circle street. I wrote the invitation, for it could not be called handbill, which was printed on note paper. Mr. G. H. Keith was at that time secretary of the Union literary society, and signed the notice after I had written and had submitted it to Mr. Beecher. He (Mr. B.) was very particular that the words "lecture, institution, and introductory" should be printed with a capital letter. That notice (printed in script, except the first two lines), now lies before me, and reads as follows:

THE LYCEUM

OF THE

UNION LITERARY SOCIETY.

The introductory lecture of this institution will be delivered by the Rev. Henry W. Beecher, on Friday the 11th inst. at 7 o'clock p. m.

This lecture will be the first of a series to be continued during the winter. The course is free, and the public are respectfully invited to attend.

G. H. KEITH, Secretary.

That first lecture was a great success.

There was a double attraction, for, in addition to the lecturer, who for seven years had made his mark in Indianapolis, the music by the choir of the Second Presbyterian church had immense magnetic force. Albert Willard, Sr., led, Rev. Geo. White played the organ, and the others who took part on that occasion only recall amongst those living in this city Mr. J. K. Sharpe and wife (then Mrs. Graydon).

Among the succeeding lectures were Hon. Godlove S. Orth on the 5th of January, 1847, subject "German literature"; Rev. Mr. Gillett was the first of the series, and the course, filling old Robert's chapel lecture room, giving us two admirable lectures, first on Naples and Mount Vesuvius, and second on Egypt; John B. Dillon next delivered to a large audience a discourse on "China and the Chinese." The eighth lecture was by Rev. Charles Axtell, now of Iowa, then a law student at the University of the Holy Episcopal church in Chicago. His subject was "History," and it was handled in a masterly manner. This ended the first regular course ever delivered in Indianapolis.

As I left Indianapolis in August, 1847, and did not return to spend any time until 1850, I can not tell what lectures were given in the intervening years, but I remember the revival of the gratis course under the auspices of the Union literary society, in 1850-'51 (while the constitutional convention was in session), because it so happened that I had just returned from Europe, and was called upon to deliver the opening lecture, the subject of which was "The city of Rome." Indianapolis then had 4,000 inhabitants and one railroad. The lecture was given in the old Masonic hall, the place where the constitutional convention held their sittings. Berry Sulgrove presided at the opening of this new course, and made a speech adapted to the occasion and characteristic of the man, and I inferred from his remarks that there had been no attempt at lectures for a year or two. Berry's speech was brief, to the point, and delivered in his own inimitable style, giving emphasis between the sentences to his pointed and sarcastic words by a squirt of tobacco juice, which made the biggest points of exclamation on the wooden platform. His speech was as follows: "Ladies and gentlemen, the Union literary society is about to try

another course of lectures. It is a question whether head or heels will win. For a long time past it seems as if heads had carried the day here in Indianapolis, but we are willing to make one more attempt, to see if heads won't come uppermost. [A tremendous exclamation point and applause.] I now have the honor to introduce the lecturer of the evening, etc." My lecture was followed at intervals by lectures from Judge Niles, Dr. Reed, Robert Dale Owen and others. J. C. F.

The Woman that Drives.

Steering straight across the streets, Running into all the meetings, Head erect and eyes alert, Mrs. General Niles is the name Of the woman that drives.

Looking not to right or left, Careless who is behind, Of rights made common by the use, Unheeding victim's mad abuse Of the woman that drives.

Dawdling, dashing, grave or gay, Nothing she does all day; But every level, business head, Has a hearty, wholesome dread Of the woman that drives.

—J. L. H.

It is a lamentable fact that thousands are affected with the throat or lungs, such as a cough, cold or hoarseness, with extreme indifference. These complaints are often but the forerunner of consumption, and can be instantly cured by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

K. K. K.

Kommun Kerosene Kills.

BURN

ELAINE,

THE CREAM OF COAL OIL,

CAN NOT BE EXPLODED.

Lasts longer and burns brighter and costs but a trifle more than common coal oil. For sale at

BURDSAL'S

Paint and Oil Store,

34 South Meridian St.

SAVES LIFE.

BOSTON STORE.

EXTRAORDINARY

BARGAINS.

LARGE LOT OF LINEN GOODS.

Fine Bird-eye Linens worth 50c for 15c.

Fine Bird-eye Linens worth 60c for 20c.

Fine Bird-eye Linens worth \$1.25 for 25c.

Finest Cotton Diaper worth 20c for 12 1/2c.

Wamatta Muslin, in remnant, 5c.

Fine Damask Towels worth 50c for 25c.

Good Damask Towels 10, 12 and 15c.

Union Table Damask only 8c.

All Linen Crashes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12c.

Lonsdale Cambrics, best quality, 12 1/2c.

Turkey Reds, best quality, 50c to 60c.

Bed Comforts \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Bed Blankets \$1.00 to \$1.50 per pair.

All Wool Flannels, in Blue, Scarlet, Gray, Blue and Browns, only 25c.

Prints 4c, good Prints 5c, best 6c.

10,000 yards Canton Flannels at 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11c per yard.

Fine Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, auction goods, 12 1/2, 14 and 15c.

Just received another large lot of Men's and Boys' undershirts at 50, 75 and 80c.

Cotton Shirts 25 and 30c.

Splendid bargains in all kinds of Shawls.

White Checked Shawls \$2.50.

Broche Shawls \$4.50.

All Wool Plaid Shawls \$2.50.

Satin Shawls \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Beaver Cloaks \$3.50 to \$10.

Hand-made Knit Hoods in all colors, handsome goods, 50, 60 and 75c.

Extra bargains in Hair Switches.

Pearl and Shell Necklaces and Bracelets 75c per set, worth \$2.50.

Nyxets in Hair Ornaments.

Silver Cloak Chains 25c to \$1.

New Embroideries, a very cheap lot.

Every body is invited to inspect our stock of Linens and White Goods, as it embraces many bargains.

M. H. SPADES, Boston Store.

FOR BOWEL COMPLAINTS, Hop Bitters.

Grand Display

OF A SPLENDID LINE OF

Fall and Winter Goods.

W. F. RUPP,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 23 E. Washington St.

Hop Bitters BEAUTIFIES.

EXCELSIOR

STEAM LAUNDRY,

8 and 5 Masonic Temple, Tennessee St.

Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.

Steadfast attending the various institutions of the city will find the EXCELSIOR the best place to get anything in the line of laundry work done in a first-class manner.

Our Collar and Cuff work is warranted to equal the best Troy work or no charge.

M. Taylor.

HOP BITTERS CURES GRAVEL.

LEMON BROS.,

(Successors to J. W. K. LEMON.)

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Produce, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Fancy Groceries, etc., 55 S. Meridian St.

HOP BITTERS CURES FITS.

HOWARD'S

Steam Carpet Beating and

Renovating Works, cor. St. Clair St.

and the Canal.

Laundering at the Works or at the carpet stores. Carpets and other goods called for and delivered free of charge.

DAWES & McGETTIGAN,

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

OILS,

COAL OIL AND R. R. SUPPLIES.

6 to 10, 67 W. Maryland St., Indianapolis, Ind.

ROSY CHEEKS,

in Hop Bitters.

CURE BY ABSORPTION THE BETTER WAY.

The Holman Liver Pad

AND ITS AUXILIARIES,

The Medicinal Body

And Foot Plasters

AND

Absorption Medicated Foot Bath,

They cure by absorption rather than drugs.

The system. They have proven beyond dispute the cheapest, the most pleasant, convenient, and most satisfactory cure for all diseases of the liver, stomach, bowels, and all other organs of the digestive system.

They are applicable to the infant, youth and adult of both sexes. Experience has led to the honest belief that there is no disease that can be kept in subjection, or that can be modified, by the use of medicine, but that can be cured in a far more satisfactory manner by the HOLMAN REMEDIES.

It is also believed that there is no disease that medicine can cure but that can be cured more promptly and effectively by this treatment. Certain it is that without number, diseases universally acknowledged beyond the reach of medicine have melted away under the action ALONE of these remedies. And the work was done so quickly, with so little inconvenience to the patient that many cases have been cured before the doctor was aware. More than a million witnesses bear testimony to these statements. These are no idle words or misrepresentations, but are facts of proof. In the name of humanity try them.

The following are some of the many diseases the LIVER PAD COMPANY'S remedies will cure:

Fever and Ague, Bilious Disorder, Liver Complaint, Intermittent Fever, Rheumatism, Periodical Headaches, Dyspepsia, Acute Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Stomach and Bowel Disorders, Pain in the Side, Back, Bladder and every kind of Muscular, Rheumatic, Jaundice, Neuralgia, Bilious Colic.

All these have their origin, directly or indirectly, in the liver, and if you doubt it send for Dr. Fairchild's Lectures.

Price, \$2. Special Pad, \$3. The Holman Plaster, \$1. The Holman Body, \$1. The Holman Foot Bath, \$1. The Holman Plaster, \$1. The Holman Body, \$1. The Holman Foot Bath, \$1.

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If you doubt it send for Dr. Fairchild's Lectures.

New Goods!

JUST OPENED IN DEPARTMENT
F
LARGEST AND FINEST
STOCK
IN THE STATE.

CLOAKS, from the cheap Woolens to the fine Fashions.
SHAWLS, from a dollar to a two hundred dollar Cash Coat.
FURS, from the cheap to the fine.
TRIMMINGS, FRINGES, BUTTONS.

The newest styles for low prices.
Job lot of Felt Skirts bought at half price—also goods.
Silk Clothing Velvet 77 per yard.
Sleeper Hoods and Knit Cloaks for Children and Men in endless variety.

All in
Department F,
Back part of Store.

L. S. Ayres & Co.,
Indianapolis.

WAIT
FOR OUR OPENING,
16th and 17th October.

We have made extraordinary preparations for the Fall Trade, and will overleap any former Opening by at least 100 per cent.

WOODBRIDGE & PIERSON,
THE MILLINERS,
8 West Washington St.

NEWEST LINE, Lowest
Prices, Finest Goods.

China ware, Majolica, Tea Sets, Vases, Toilet Sets, at the **NOVELTY DOLAR STORE,** 44 and 46 East Washington street.

A New Lot of 10c. Cigars,
THE
GREEN SEAL.
TRY THEM.

CHAS. F. MEYER, 11 N. Penn. st.

OYSTERS.

O. W. MILLER & CO.,
28 North Illinois Street,
Will keep their store open every Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., and from 4 p. m. until 8 p. m., to accommodate business men and others who can not make purchases on Saturday. Open Saturday night until 10 o'clock.

New Books.

Artist Biographies, Van Dyck, 50
The Vision of Richard and other Poems, by John G. Whittier, 10
The Family Library of British Poetry, edited by James T. Fields and E. P. Whipple, 6.50
RECEIVED BY
MERRILL, HUBBARD & CO.,
5 EAST WASHINGTON ST.

CITY NEWS.

"Flat but \$5,000 a year."—Song by Dr. De La Matry.

An unmistakable frost was upon the face of the earth this morning.

Dr. De La Matry's official majority, revised and corrected by the secretary of state, is 839.

A meeting of the directors of the Morton monument association will be held next Tuesday.

The expenses of the superior court for the week amount to \$299.65; in the criminal court \$129.

There will be a news boys' temperance meeting in front of the postoffice at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Judge Wilson to-day divorced Sallie Morgan from Henry Morgan, on the ground of adultery and abandonment.

C. F. R. Wapenhans, signal officer at this station, is slowly recovering from his illness. He is now reported out of danger.

James Mann, he of patriarchal appearance, will be Judge Hille's selection as bailiff of the criminal court. Mr. Vanstien will return to the cordwainer's bench.

Within the past day or two a number of large windows have been broken, evidently out of pure mischief. Among the sufferers are Ayres & Co. and Duggett & Co.

Amos Graham, a brass ring confidence man and a vagrant, was arrested yesterday. This morning he was examined by Mayor Owen, who took his case under advisement.

The special committee on the new street railroad ordinance will meet to-night to make up their report. It is believed that there will be no trouble in securing its passage through both councils.

Most of the morning session of the city court to-day was taken up with the trial of Thomas Hart, who charges the son of a neighbor, Mrs. Hinkley, in common parlance Mr. Hart "paid for it" to the tune of one dollar and costs.

Expert Gelwick has returned from Lawrence county, where he went to carry the election for the county ticket. He neglected the representative, however, and the democrats elected Dalton. Mr. G. can not forgive himself for his neglect, and he is now arrayed in gunny bags and alkali.

While riding in the country a few miles from the city, yesterday, James Deitz, a butcher living at No. 63 South West street, was thrown from his horse and kicked in the face and upon the body as the animal ran. His face was badly lacerated and left leg severely bruised. Repaired at the surgical institute.

It may not be necessary, after all, for Judge Julian to contest Adams' seat on the bench. Before the election Mr. Adams violently asserted that unless he carried Hendricks county by 600 majority he would flee to California. If he is a man of his word, he can save Judge Julian much worry and expense by executing his vow.

Said a prominent democrat yesterday: "The Journal is a paper of much influence. Every time it opened its mouth it made votes for Dr. De La Matry. He was elected by its abuse; that event certainly was effected by its vilification of him. I am not in the count of the manipulators of my party, but I incline to the belief that the paper was a loser."

The mother of Capt. C. H. O'Brien, of this city, has just died in Cincinnati, aged 83 years. She was well known here and remarkable as having retained all her faculties to her extreme age. She never wore spectacles, being able to read the finest print without their use. Her death was the result of injuries received a few weeks since in falling down stairs.

The Ohio election killed Thurman and the New York Tribune's exposure of the infamous Tilden cipher dispatches, containing the negotiations for the purchase of the electoral votes of Florida, ended his career. Gov. Hendricks gets down from the fence over "chickadees" and will go to Pennsylvania next week to make speeches in furtherance of his presidential aspirations. He seems to have a clear field in the west.

Two alleged weekly papers in this city pretend to be much amused over the influence of The News, and extend their comments to certain defeated candidates who were supposed to be supported by this paper. Peep on! The News is satisfied that no other paper in Indianapolis could carry a candidate through to triumph in election in the face of a party majority of one thousand against him. That's what it did.

J. F. Peters and C. N. Grosvenor, of the celebrated Chickasaw guards, of Memphis, Tenn., arrived in the city this morning. They are here to make arrangements for a grand exhibition drill at the Masonic hall, Monday evening, and at the base ball park, Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers of Memphis. The guards will be guests of the light infantry and Russ rifles, and will be assisted by them in the drill.

Amusements.

THE BLANCHE MEDIA COMBINATION.
The largest house of the week witnessed a repetition of the elegant drama, "Won at Last," at the Grand Opera house last night. The play and the company group highly in favor. This afternoon a matinee was given to a full house, and this evening closes the engagement of the Blanche Media combination, which has been one of the pleasantest, if not one of the most successful of the season. It is hoped Miss Media will return with her superb company later in the season and reap a full reward of the seed she has sown this week.

COMING EVENTS.

The entertainment of Mrs. Hattie A. Prunk at the Grand Opera house Tuesday night, should not be lost sight of. She is a lady of culture, a hard student, who is making her way to the front by dint of her own exertions, and who will appreciate the assistance her friends may extend to her at this time. She will be assisted by some of the best musical talent in the city.

The last four nights of next week, and Saturday matinee, the Grand Opera house will be occupied by McKee Rankin and his troupe in his great play of "The Danites." The piece has had immense runs in the eastern cities, and large audiences everywhere. McKee Rankin will sustain the part of Landry, Miss Kitty Blanchard that of Billy Piper. The character of Porson is taken by Louis Aldrich, the Chinaman by Charles Pardoe, the Danites by Alex. Fitzgerald and G. B. Weldron, the widow by Bessie Hunter, Captain Tom by Mrs. Arlington, Bunker Hill by Miss Emma Marble, and the Judge by Louis Mesinger.

When They Go In.

The newly elected county officials go in at the following dates:
Daniel M. Russell, clerk, October 25, 1878; John T. Pressley, sheriff, December 10, 1878; Sample Loftin, treasurer, September 4, 1879, unless the contest of Mr. Schooley relieves him of the necessity of entering upon the discharge of the duties of the office.

William A. Pfaff, auditor, November 4, 1879.

William H. Wishard, coroner, October 24, 1878.

James R. Heller, Judge of the criminal circuit court, October 22, 1878.

John B. Elam, prosecuting attorney criminal court, October 22, 1878.

John A. Holman and Daniel W. Howe, judges of the superior court, long term, first Monday in November.

David V. Burns, Judge of the superior court, short term, first Monday in November.

George F. McGinnis and Moses Allen, commissioners, November, 1879.

David B. Fatout, surveyor, October 26, 1878.

Joshua G. Adams, judge of the nineteenth judicial district, Marion and Hendricks counties, October 21. In this office a contest will be made by Judge Julian, the present incumbent, and candidate for re-election.

Richard B. Blake, prosecuting attorney nineteenth judicial circuit, October 21.

I goe in Command.

"How'd 'y' do, Manson?"

"How are you, I goe?"

This at the democratic state central committee's Gen. Manson and Lieut. Martin Igoe shook hands over "the Result."

"Martin," said Manson to the bystanders, "was a quartermaster at McMinnville, Tennessee, while I was in command there. One day I had to move out before Forrest who was operating in the neighborhood and playing h-l, and as I had 'shew's' of supplies to be taken care of I sent for him, issuing an order that Lieut. Igoe take charge of these things. Well I was gone three days. When I got back I found that I had not been away half an hour, and he issued an order for every one to report to him. D—d if he, a little Indiana quartermaster, wasn't putting on the style of a brigadier general, with half a dozen Ohio colonels reporting to him daily!"

Close Estimates.

As an election estimator Jim Woodard, the "Jay Hawker" correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, is entitled to the belt. He had been accumulating information for two months and knowing the state thoroughly, made good use of it. For instance, on Monday, he wrote that Heilmann, New, Hoadley, Browne, De La Matry, Orth and Calkins would be elected in the close districts and they were. He claimed a democratic majority of two in the legislature and that was correct and that will be pretty nearly correct if the claims of the nationals are allowed. The democratic majority in the state he put at 15,000, with a falling off in the total vote of 50,000. He missed it, though, on R. J. Bright, who he said would be elected. "Jay Hawker's" information proved the most reliable sent from here.

Revival at Meridian Street Church.

The revival services which have been held every night this week in Meridian street M. E. church will be continued to-morrow. There will be services at 10:30 a. m., 3 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. At the morning service the sermon will be preached by the pastor. The afternoon and night services will be conducted by the Rev. I. T. Lighter of Washington, D. C. The afternoon services will be especially designed for the benefit of the members of the church and Christians of all denominations.

Sigma Chi Convention.

The biennial convention of the Sigma Chi fraternity will be held in this city November 19th, 20th and 21st inst. This convention is a national affair, and delegates from forty colleges in the United States are expected to be present. The Sigma Chi is one of the largest of college fraternities, and is especially strong in the west and south, having in Indiana alone over 500 members. The headquarters of the convention will be at the Grand hotel.

Refined Cruelty.

"Your opponent's majority is not large," said one of Schooley's friends. "It's Sample." replied Schooley, and he wiped the bearded perspiration from his brow.

Will Straddle the Fence Beer Keg Again.

We are not in the least ashamed of the verses we have written, nor the beer we have taken.

An Ancient Walker.

This morning as a News reporter was traveling over his daily rounds, he was met by an old man who wanted to know where the St. Louis road was. He was a Jew, and could not have been less than 60 years old. He was bent nearly double, and his long beard was as white as snow. His hair was gray and the grizzled locks hung down on his shoulders below the broad rim of an ancient Panama hat. Across his shoulders was jauntily strapped a traveling sack constructed out of red carpet, and he carried a stout staff in his hand. He was, but he didn't want to take the train; he would walk. This was not the first trip he had taken. When he was younger he had footed it from New York to Texas, and although he was not so straight as he was then, he never guessed he could reach St. Louis. How long would it take him? "Well, he would visit the synagogue in that city next Sunday morning. That is, if he kept on walking. However he might possibly not arrive there before Wednesday of that week."

There will be a test of the Bradley odorless cleaning machine against the Crumholt machine now in use in this city, this evening, at the Decatur house, on East Washington street, in the presence of Drs. Jameson, Wands and Watson.

Supreme Court.

The following is a report of the cases decided by this court Thursday:

CO-PARTIES—NOTICE TO ON APPEAL.

5658. Fred. S. Herzog vs. Albert B. Chambers, et al. Knox C. C. Dismissed on motion of appeal. Held: We see nothing in this case which takes it out of the general rule laid down in section 551 of the code, requiring notice to co-parties who decline to join in an appeal. Dismissed with a copy with the appellant and notice to him was necessary to complete the appeal. Motion like a pro-forma appeal did not dispense with notice to him of the appeal as required by said section. [55 Ind. 425.] The appeal must therefore be dismissed.

INLAND BILL OF EXCHANGE—SPECIAL FINDING.

6278. Frederick Brummerman et al. vs. Joseph L. Jennings et al. Hamilton C. C. Reversed. Howk J. In this action the plaintiffs, as executors, have sued the appellee as the maker of a promissory note payable to order in a bank in this state. In 1871, R. S. 1878, p. 405, it is provided that such notes "shall be negotiable as inland bills of exchange, and the payee and endorsee thereof may recover as in case of such bills." Under the law merchant which governs the negotiability of such bills of exchange and bills of lading, the holder of the parties thereto, the purchaser and endorsee, for a valuable consideration, before maturity and without notice of any defect in the one signed on, may take such note free from any equities or defenses which might exist as between the maker and the payee. [58 Ind. 369, 372.] When the special finding of the facts is inconsistent with the general verdict the former shall control the latter and the court shall give judgment accordingly. [2 R. S. 135, 81 Ind. 197, 87 Ind. 88, 45 Ind. 436, 53 Ind. 401, 53 Ind. 425.]

DECEDENT'S ESTATE—WHEN HEIR MAY SUE FOR A DEBT DUE TO—PLEADING.

5725. William D. Waterfield vs. Eleanor Spencer et al. Grant C. C. affirmed. Howk J. Held: (1) The general rule is that the executor or administrator of a decedent can alone maintain an action for the recovery of a debt due or owing to such decedent at the time of his death. [53 Ind. 160.] But an exception to this general rule is that the heirs at law of a decedent may sue for a debt due to such decedent at the time of his death, when such intestate decedent left no estate to be paid, and there was no administrator of his estate. [30 Ind. 218; 31 Ind. 156; 40 Ind. 544; 54 Ind. 524.] When the heirs of the creditor sue for the debt due to the decedent, they are not necessary to give them a right of action, and to recover the money, and that the heirs suing are entitled to the money [54 Ind. 524.] In this case the heirs of the creditor of the estate of the note in suit, who had no estate, had been fully settled by his administrators; that the heirs of said decedent, all of whom were of age, had had full notice of the proceedings in the estate in notes and accounts; that in this distribution the note in suit was taken by the plaintiff as a part of her interest in said decedent's estate, and was assigned to her by delivery by the other heirs of said decedent; and that said distribution was reported by the administrators and approved by the proper court, and such administrators discharged, made the complaint good. (2) Where the continuance of a cause for any reason has been improperly refused, such decision must be assigned as a reason for a new trial in the case therefor. Otherwise the correctness of such refusal will not be presented to nor considered by this court. [2 R. S. 1878, 179; 12 Ind. 675; 35 Ind. 476; 42 Ind. 385.] (3) The administrators in this case were not necessary parties to the action, as they had fully settled said decedent's estate and been finally discharged from the duties of their trust.

INDORSEMENT—GUARANTY—PRACTICE—PLEADING.

6953. John Phillips et al. vs. Eli Cox, Kosciuszko C. C. affirmed. Perkins J.

Suit on a promissory note before a justice of the peace, judgment for plaintiff and appeal to circuit court. In the latter court the plaintiff amended his complaint by stating the amount of the note claimed. The answer was amended to admit the debt, but to deny the amount claimed and required no new proof. [2 R. S. sec. 616.] On appeal from a justice's action tried under the same rules and regulations prescribed for trials before justices. Sureties on a promissory note are bound with the principal in black ink, prima facie, the liability of an indorser in this state [21 Ind. 438]. In other states that of guarantor. [Briggs v. State Bank, 147.] But the party making such indorsement may designate the character in which he makes it, and the distinction may determine the character of the liability. [Briggs v. State Bank, 147.] The fact that the judgment before the justice against the appellants was a joint one, was not a reason for their removal to the circuit court, to obtain all the relief they were entitled to in this regard. [2 R. S. 232, 233.]

The following cases were decided yesterday:

WRITTEN INSTRUMENTS—PLEADING—EVIDENCE.

DITCHING LAW—ENFORCEMENT OF ASSESSMENTS.

6063. Gassett vs. Tolson, Marion C. C. Reversed.

Perkins J.

Suit to collect and enforce the lien of assessment of benefit accruing from the construction of a ditch. The plaintiff alleged that the defendant, who was a ditcher, had been assessed for the benefit of the ditch, and that the defendant had refused to pay the assessment, and that the plaintiff was entitled to enforce the lien of the assessment.

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RESERVED QUESTIONS OF LAW—PRACTICE.

6374. John Stans, administrator, etc. et al. vs. State ex rel. Morford. Knox C. C. Affirmed.

Niblack, C. J.

This case comes to us upon a question of law reserved under section 547, R. S. 1876, p. 177. In such a case a motion for a new trial is necessary to enable this court to review a question of law arising upon the trial. [30 Ind. 284; 22 Ind. 259; Bunk. Prac. 71.] The rule is a general one that where an appeal error occurring at the trial is not made the ground for a motion for a new trial, it will not be considered on appeal to this court. This rule applies as well to questions of law reserved upon the trial, under the general rules of practice authorized by the code.

The following cases were decided to-day:

4573. Jacob Greiner et al. vs. John Butler, Brown, C. C. Affirmed in part; reversed in part. Perkins J.

6588. William H. Blizard vs. Judson Applegate, Carroll C. C. Reversed; Niblack, C. J.

6746. William Lomax vs. Flanders S. McKinney et al., Grant C. C.; reversed. Biddle J.

6747. Robert Browning et al. vs. Henry D. Meritt et al., Marion C. C. Affirmed. Howk J.

6764. Conrad Ropp vs. Dietrich Thie, Ripley C. C. Affirmed. Warden J.

6765. Commissioner Boone county vs. Nathaniel C. Titus. Boone C. C. Petition for rehearing overruled.

6825. Edward Reynolds vs. State ex rel. Nathaniel C. Titus. Boone C. C. Petition for rehearing overruled.

LOCAL ITEMS.

LEWIS & WHITEHEAD, monuments, 161 Mass. ave. is

READ O. W. Miller & Co's. ad., 1st col. this page.

Election hats at Bamberger's.

Six per cent. long time loans on farm, church, village and city property.

U. S. Home and Power Association, Office, 72 E. Market st.

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